Pupil premium strategy statement

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

School overview

| Detail | Data |
|--|--|
| School name | St George's Church of England Primary School, Wrotham |
| Number of pupils in school | 202 |
| Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils | 19% |
| Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended) | 2022-2025 |
| Date this statement was published | September 2022 |
| Date on which it will be reviewed | July 2023 |
| Statement authorised by | Elizabeth Rye, Headteacher |
| Pupil premium lead | Matthew Jones, Deputy Headteacher |
| Governor / Trustee lead | Nicholas Castell, Governor Lead for disadvantaged learners |

Funding overview

| Detail | Amount |
|---|---------|
| Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year | £55,040 |
| Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable) | £0 |
| Total budget for this academic year | £55,040 |
| If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year | |

Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

Statement of intent

Our aim is to use pupil premium funding to help us improve and sustain higher attainment for disadvantaged pupils at our school that is comparable with that of non-disadvantaged pupils nationally. For this to take place, the disadvantaged children at our school must achieve accelerated progress across the curriculum.

We have identified key challenges that are preventing our disadvantaged pupils from attaining well: identifying speech and language need early, parental support and expectations of what our disadvantaged pupils can achieve. We will support the disadvantaged children at St George's individually as we know that all children are different and have different needs in order to succeed.

Our expectation at St George's is that all pupils, irrespective of their background or the challenges they face, become strong readers. This will enable them to read to learn and broaden horizons. We want all children to enjoy school and have a want to come to school. We must ensure that all pupils receive an outstanding primary school experience.

We have adopted a whole school approach to tackle the challenges that these children face. Every member of staff will take responsibility for disadvantaged pupils outcomes and raise expectations of what they can achieve. It is vital for our disadvantaged children to be challenged in the work they are set and also receive early intervention when needed.

Challenges

| Challenge number | Detail of challenge |
|------------------|--|
| 1 | Our assessments, discussions and observations show underdeveloped oral language and vocabulary gaps for some disadvantaged pupils, from EYFS and through school to KS2. |
| | Our EYFS results last year showed that 29% of disadvantaged children achieved their Early Learning Goals in July 2022. |
| 2 | Internal and external assessments show that our disadvantaged pupils attain less well in the Y1 phonics check, impacting on their development as readers. This has been over the previous two years. |
| | 2021 - PP = 43% achieved, Non PP = 86% |
| | 2020 – PP = 33% achieved, Non PP = 69% |

| Internal assessments show that there is a significant data gap between our disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged children in KS1 Reading, Writing and Maths (particularly in Reading and Writing). Assessments show that within KS1 there is currently a 41% gap in Reading and Writing, and a 10% gap in Maths. Since last year's Pupil Premium project, the gap has closed significantly, but 41% is a large percentage that needs to be decreased in reading and writing. Internal assessments show that there is a significant data gap between our disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged children in KS2 Reading, Writing and Maths. KS2 Reading gap – 42% KS2 Writing gap – 42% KS2 Writing gap – 42% KS2 Writing gap – 44% KS2 Maths gap – 49% 5 Our analysis shows some disadvantaged pupils and families need additional support to secure and sustain better punctuality and attendance. Our attendance data last year indicated that disadvantaged pupils were at school 4.5% less than our non-disadvantaged pupils. 6 Missing out on enriching life experiences due to financial implications. From pupil voice surveys, children report that they do not attend the same number of out-of-school clubs or experiences as their peers due primarily to financial implications but also time constraints, transport and lack of information of what is available. 7 Summer born PP children - target group — Summer born PP children - target group — Summer born children perform consistently lower than their peers which is then compounded by being eligible for the Pupil Premium grant. PP cohort 2021-22 - 12 out of 37 are Summer born = 32% ARE -Reading - 6 out of 12 Summer born PP working at ARE+: 50% (Summer 2022 data) GDS - Reading - 1 out of 12 Summer born PP working at GDS: 8% (Summer 2022 data) ARE -Witting - 6 out of 12 Summer born PP working at ARE+: 50% (Summer 2022 data) GDS - Writing - 0 out of 12 Summer born PP working at ARE+: 50% (Summer 2022 data) ARE -Maths - 1 out of 12 Summer born PP working at ARE+: 50% (Summer 2022 data) | | |
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Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

| Int | ended outcome | Success criteria | |
|-----|---|--|--|
| 1. | Reception Baseline assessments Expected and accelerated progress in the Early Years Foundation Stage, following the Reception Baseline assessments | Baseline to end of year data for EYFS shows accelerated progress for children in receipt of pupil premium funding. When needed, children eligible for Pupil Premium are prioritised for interventions and booster sessions. Targeted engagement of parents in workshops to support their children at home e.g. homework, how to read effectively etc. | |
| 2. | Phonics Screening Test Children to make expected and accelerated progress with their reading in Year 1 and 2, culminating with the Phonics Screening assessment | Children eligible for Pupil Premium funding to make expected or accelerated progress with their word reading across the year. Termly Phonics Screening check-ups to be completed to ensure that all children are making progress to passing their assessment. Those who need it to receive interventions/boosters with children eligible for Pupil Premium to have priority. | |
| 3. | Closing the Key Stage 1 Pupil Premium/Non Pupil Premium gap in reading, writing and maths Children who quality for the Pupil Premium funding to make accelerated progress to ensure that the achievement gap percentage decreases | Children eligible for Pupil Premium funding to make expected or accelerated progress in reading, writing and maths. Interventions/boosters to be planned for those in need of help to achieve expected or accelerated progress — children eligible for Pupil Premium funding to have priority. Termly Pupil Progress meetings to define progress and next steps for individual children. Monday morning homework club for children eligible for Pupil Premium to help with progress, attainment and engagement for learning. | |
| 4. | Closing the Key Stage 2 Pupil Premium/Non Pupil Premium gap in reading, writing and maths Children who qualify for the Pupil Premium funding to make accelerated progress to ensure that the | Children eligible for Pupil Premium funding to make expected or accelerated progress in reading, writing and maths. Interventions/boosters to be planned for those in need of help to achieve expected or accelerated progress – | |

| | achievement gap percentage decreases | children eligible for Pupil Premium funding to have priority. Termly Pupil Progress meetings to define progress and next steps for individual children. |
|----|---|--|
| | | Monday morning homework club for children eligible for Pupil Premium to help with progress, attainment and engagement for learning. |
| 5. | Poor Attendance & Punctuality | PP children are supported through |
| | Increased attendance and punctuality for PP children, at least in line with non-PP children. | effective parental meetings and attendance action planning to have a positive impact on attendance and consequently progress/attainment. |
| | Reduced number of persistent absentees among pupils eligible for PP meaning less missed learning opportunities. Higher uptake to academic morning | Less learning missed will consequently lead to higher attainment. |
| | boosters offered. | |
| 6. | Missing out on enriching life experiences due to financial implications Children to leave St George's with life experiences appropriate to their age, in line with their peers | Children to have the opportunity to experience everything planned and provided for by the school. Families to be given a set amount for each child on the Pupil Premium list for experiences such as school trips, breakfast club, residentials etc. |
| 7. | Summer born Pupil Premium children – target group Summer born children to be provided with additional support in school to ensure they achieve the same standard as other children in the cohort. | Summer born children are provided with additional support/resources in the early years to address lower outcomes in key communication indicators. Implementation of a communication, language and literacy initiative/ intervention will ensure this is addressed enabling them to be successful in later school life. Vocabulary-rich classrooms throughout the school with targeted pre-teaching for PP children result in better engagement and outcomes. |
| | | Summer born PP children prioritised for interventions/booster groups to support and accelerate their learning |

Activity in this academic year

Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £29,941

| Activity | Evidence that supports this approach | Challenge number(s) addressed |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| Continue developing a varied and ambitious knowledge-rich curriculum | You should continue to teach a broad and balanced curriculum in all subjects. This includes what pupils learn from wider experiences such as educational visits and visitors to the school. DfE Teaching a broad and balanced curriculum for education recovery (2021) | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 |
| Develop a culture where a love of reading is at the centre of the curriculum | There is a growing body of evidence which illustrates the importance of reading for pleasure for both educational purposes as well as personal development. Evidence suggests that there is a positive relationship between reading frequency, reading enjoyment and attainment. DfE Research evidence on reading for pleasure (2012) | 1, 2, 3, 4 |
| To embed 'Rosenshine's ten principles of instruction' as the school's pedagogical model | Rosenshine's principle emphasises the importance of giving students sufficient time to practise retrieval, ask questions, and get the desired help. Students must not stop after learning the information once, they must continue to rehearse it by summarising, analysing, or applying their knowledge. | 3, 4 |
| Embed the use of immediate feedback given to children through staff meetings. | EEF identifies that immediate feedback has a +6 months impact on progress. https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/educationevidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/feedback "There is evidence to suggest that feedback involving metacognitive and self-regulatory approaches may have a greater impact on disadvantaged pupils and lower prior attainers than other pupils. Pupils require clear and actionable feedback to employ metacognitive strategies as they learn, as this information informs their understanding of their specific strengths and areas for improvement, thereby indicating which learning strategies have been effective for them in previously completed work." | 1, 2, 3, 4 |
| Encourage teachers to plan English and Maths lessons using the outdoor area. | EEF is currently identifying the impact of outdoor learning on progress. https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/outdoor-adventure-learning | 3, 4 |

| | "Outdoor Adventure Learning might provide opportunities for disadvantaged pupils to participate in activities that they otherwise might not be able to access. Through participation in these challenging physical and emotional activities, outdoor adventure learning interventions can support pupils to develop noncognitive skills such as resilience, self-confidence and motivation." | |
|--|---|---------|
| Embed the use of mastery learning led by ER, JS and LD. Maths lead attending Maths hub sessions. | EEF identifies that mastery learning has a +5 months impact on progress https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/mastery-learning "Mastery learning approaches aim to ensure that all pupils have mastered key concepts before moving on to the next topic – in contrast with traditional teaching methods in which pupils may be left behind, with gaps of misunderstanding widening. Mastery learning approaches could address these challenges by giving additional time and support to pupils who may have missed learning, or take longer to master new knowledge and skills." | 3, 4 |
| Ensuring consistency of teaching of early reading and phonics (Little Wandle) English lead attending English hub sessions. | EEF identifies that quality phonics teaching has a +5 months impact on progress https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/educationevidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/phonics "Studies in England have shown that pupils eligible for free school meals typically receive similar or slightly greater benefit from phonics interventions and approaches. This is likely to be due to the explicit nature of the instruction and the intensive support provided." | 1, 2, 3 |
| SIP focus of improving the teaching of the greater depth standard in English and Maths (KS1 and KS2) | EEF identifies that mastery learning has a +5 months impact on progress https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/mastery-learning Due to the accelerated progress that some of our disadvantaged children are currently attaining, we now have children working within the Greater Depth Standard in Reading and Maths. It is important that the teaching staff know how to teaching to the Greater Depth standard to ensure progress. | 3, 4 |

Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £5,845

| Activity | Evidence that supports this approach | Challenge number(s) addressed |
|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| Identifying children early (EYFS) for Speech and Language interventions using the Nuffield Early Language Intervention | EEF identifies that Nuffield Early Language Intervention have a +4months impact on progress Nuffield Early Language Intervention EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk) | 1 |
| Identifying children for Speech and Language interventions throughout the school | EEF identifies that oral language interventions have a +6months impact on progress. https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/educationevidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/oral-language-interventions "There is evidence to suggest that pupils from lower socioeconomic backgrounds are more likely to be behind their more advantaged counterparts in developing early language and speech skills, which may affect their school experience and learning later in their school lives. Given that Oral language interventions can be used to provide additional support to pupils who are behind their peers in oral language development, the targeted use of approaches may support some disadvantaged pupils to catch up with peers, particularly when this is provided one-to-one." | 1, 2, 3, 4 |
| Identify children for support and interventions and track the progress of these children throughout the school year This to include the Monday morning Breakfast Maths Club | EEF identifies that small group work/interventions have a +6months impact on progress. https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/educationevidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/small-group-tuition "Studies in England have shown that pupils eligible for free school meals typically receive additional benefits from small group tuition. Small group tuition approaches can support pupils to make effective progress by providing intensive, targeted academic support to those identified as having low prior attainment or at risk of falling behind. The approach allows the teacher to focus on the needs of a small number of learners and provide teaching that is closely | 1, 2, 3, 4 |

| | matched to pupil understanding. Small group tuition offers an opportunity for greater levels of interaction and feedback compared to whole class teaching which can support pupils to overcome barriers to learning and increase their access to the curriculum." | |
|--|---|------|
| One to one tuition Third Space Learning tutoring support in Maths (Year 5) | EEF identifies that one to one tuition has a +5months impact on progress. One to one tuition EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk) https://thirdspacelearning.com/ "Studies in England have shown that pupils eligible for free school meals typically receive additional benefits from one to one tuition. Low attaining pupils are particularly likely to benefit. One to one tuition approaches can enable pupils to make effective progress by providing intensive, targeted academic support to those identified as having low prior attainment or at risk of falling behind. The approach allows the teacher or tutor to focus exclusively on the needs of the learner and provide teaching that is closely matched to each pupil's understanding. One to one tuition offers greater levels of interaction and feedback compared to whole class teaching which can support pupils to spend more time on new or unfamiliar, overcome barriers to learning and increase their progress through the curriculum." | 4 |
| NESSY dyslexia support | https://www.nessy.com/uk/ The Nessy Approach to Learning is multisensory and engaging. The programs are designed to help students of all abilities learn to read, write, spell and type, especially those who learn differently, including students with dyslexia. Nessy believes that if children have fun then learning becomes more memorable. | 3, 4 |
| Dyslexia Screener and Portfolio | https://www.gl-assessment.co.uk/assessments/products/dyslexia-screener-and-dyslexia-guidance/ Identifying children who are dyslexic early is important for them gaining support throughout school. Early help is vital to reduce the chance of loss of confidence and low self-esteem. | 3, 4 |

Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £19,254

| Activity | Evidence that supports this approach | Challenge number(s) addressed |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| Draw and Talk intervention | https://drawingandtalking.com/ It is seen that after completion of Drawing and Talking Therapy Session, children are more able to control their behaviour, better able to access an academic curriculum and most importantly have higher self-esteem; this allows them to thrive in the world around them. | 3, 4, 5 |
| SENCO being ELSA trained | https://psychologyfirst.co.uk/our-services/elsa-training-and-supervision/ Our SENCO is now ELSA trained. The benefits of having a member of staff being ELSA trained are that they can work with children to develop greater self awareness, manage school better and feel better about themselves. Children also learn to develop coping strategies and talk about difficulties. | 5 |
| Wellbeing Champion being a Mental Health First Aider | https://www.sja.org.uk/courses/workplace-mental-health-first-aid/ The Pupil Premium Champion is also trained as a Mental Health First Aider. The benefits of having a Mental Health First Aider as a part of the staff are that they can raise awareness of mental illnesses, encourage early intervention to aid recovery, increase confidence in dealing with mental illnesses and reduce stigma around mental health issues. | 3, 4, 5 |
| Subsidising of school trips | Some of our school trips are funded using the Pupil Premium grant, including year 5 and 6 residential visits for some children. School trips can make a major contribution to the acquisition of knowledge and development of skills. | 6 |
| Extra support such as free Breakfast Club and afterschool club | https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/ uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/ 413222/The_Pupil_Premium.pdf By offering before school clubs, it enables the school to broaden its contact with certain families. We can ensure that these pupils have a calm and appropriate start to the day allowing them to achieve well in their learning. | 5, 6 |

| Organising Parental | EEF identifies that Parental Engagement has + 4 months impact on progress | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 |
|---|--|---------------|
| involvement in school events | https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education- evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/parental-engagement | |
| (Early Years in particular). This includes workshops and coffee | "Parental engagement in early years education is consistently associated with children's subsequent academic success. On average, parental engagement programmes evaluated to date have led to a positive impact of approximately four additional months' progress over the course of a year." | |
| mornings | Our aim is to build strong relationships with all of our parents, but particularly those of our PP children. | |

Total budgeted cost: £55,040

Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

Pupil premium strategy outcome

Reading progress and attainment data

| | July 2021 WTS | July 2021 EXS | July 2021 GDS | July 2021 EXS | July 2022 WTS | July 2022 EXS | July 2022 GDS | July 2022 EXS |
|---------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Year 1 (6) | | | | | 67% | 33% | 0% | 33% |
| Year 2 (3) | 67% | 33% | 0% | 33% | 67% | 0% | <mark>33%</mark> | 33% |
| Year 3 (5) | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 80% | 20% | 0% | 20% |
| Year 4 (7) | 50% | 50% | 0% | 50% | 57% | 43% | 0% | 43% |
| Year 5 (7) | 29% | 71% | 0% | 71% | 29% | 71% | 0% | 71% |
| Year 6 (6) | 33% | 67% | 0% | 67% | 33% | 67% | 0% | 67% |

Majority of children have made expected or accelerated progress from their previous year group. There has been accelerated progress made in Year 2 regarding GDS and in Year 3 regarding children reaching the expected standard. Only decrease occurred in Year 4 regarding one child not attaining the expected standard at the end of the year.

The percentage of Pupil Premium children reaching the expected standard or higher in Reading is as follows:

Year 1: 33%

Year 2: 33%

Year 3: 20%

Year 4: 43%

Year 5: 71%

Year 6: 67%

The percentage of Pupil Premium children attaining expected or accelerated progress in Reading is as follows:

Year 1:

Year 2: 100%

Year 3: 100%

Year 4: 86%

Year 5: 100%

Year 6: 100%

In Year 1 75% of children passed the Phonics Screening Check, with 50% of disadvantaged children attaining the pass mark.

100% of children state that they feel supported in reading lessons

Writing progress and attainment data

| | July 2021 WTS | July 2021 EXS | July 2021 GDS | July 2021 EXS | July 2022 WTS | July 2022 EXS | July 2022 GDS | July 2022 EXS |
|---------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Year 1 (6) | | | | | 67% | 33% | 0% | 33% |
| Year 2 (3) | 67% | 33% | 0% | 33% | 67% | 33% | 0% | 33% |
| Year 3 (5) | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Year 4 (7) | 67% | 33% | 0% | 33% | 57% | 43% | 0% | 43% |

| Year 5 (7) | 29% | 71% | 0% | 71% | 29% | 71% | 0% | 71% |
|---------------|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|------------------|----|------------------|
| Year 6 (6) | 50% | 50% | 0% | 50% | 33% | <mark>67%</mark> | 0% | <mark>67%</mark> |

All children made expected or better progress over the course of the year. Accelerated progress was made in Year 4 and 6 regarding the increasing number of children reaching the expected standard. In Year 3, expected progress was still made by the Pupil Premium children, even though there is no child currently achieving the expected standard.

The percentage of Pupil Premium children reaching the expected standard or higher in Writing is as follows:

Year 1: 33%

Year 2: 33%

Year 3: 0%

Year 4: 43%

Year 5: 71%

Year 6: 67%

The percentage of Pupil Premium children attaining expected or accelerated progress in Writing is as follows:

Year 1:

Year 2: 100%

Year 3: 100%

Year 4: 100%

Year 5: 100%

Year 6: 100%

100% of children state that they feel supported in writing lessons

Maths progress and attainment data

| | July 2021 WTS | July 2021 EXS | July 2021 GDS | July 2021 EXS | July 2022 WTS | July 2022 EXS | July 2022 GDS | July 2022 EXS |
|---------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Year 1 (6) | | | | | 33% | 50% | 17% | 67% |
| Year 2 (3) | 67% | 33% | 0% | 0% | 33% | 33% | 33% | 67% |
| Year 3 (5) | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 80% | 20% | 0% | <mark>20%</mark> |
| Year 4 (7) | 67% | 33% | 0% | 33% | 57% | 29% | 14% | <mark>43%</mark> |
| Year 5 (7) | 43% | 57% | 0% | 57% | 43% | 43% | 14% | 57% |
| Year 6 (6) | 67% | 33% | 0% | 33% | 67% | 33% | 0% | 33% |

Majority of children have made expected or better progress in Maths in each year group across the school year. Significant increases in the percentage of children achieving the GDS standard has been seen in Year 2, 4 and 5. In Year 3, the percentage of children achieving the expected standard has increased. The has been accelerated progress with regards to children achieving the expected standard in Year 5 but it has been countered with one child not achieving expected progress.

The percentage of Pupil Premium children reaching the expected standard or higher in Maths is as follows:

Year 1: 67%

Year 2: 67%

Year 3: 20%

Year 4: 43%

Year 5: 57%

Year 6: 33%

The percentage of Pupil Premium children attaining expected or accelerated progress in Maths is as follows:

Year 1:

Year 2: 100%

Year 3: 100%

Year 4: 100%

Year 5: 86%

Year 6: 100%

100% of children state that they feel supported in maths lessons

Wider strategies and Pupil Voice

| | Percentage that said yes | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | У1 | У2 | У3 | У4 | У5 | У6 |
| I enjoy school | 100% | 100% | 80% | 100% | 86% | 83% |
| My teachers give me challenging work | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Teachers help me to do my best | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| There are people in school I can | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| talk to if I am worried about | | | | | | |
| something | | | | | | |
| School encourages me to be healthy | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 86% | 100% |
| I take part in after school clubs at | 17% | 67% | 20% | 50% | 29% | 50% |
| school | | | | | | |
| I read and learn at home | 67% | 33% | 60% | 83% | 86% | 67% |
| I enjoy reading | 100% | 33% | 60% | 83% | 86% | 100% |
| I would recommend this school to my friend | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |

100% of children have access to clubs – 55% attending at present

100% of children wearing correct school uniform

100% of children in Year 5 and 6 invited to the week long Summer residential in Wales – 46% attended

100% of children attended at least one school trip over the year

Externally provided programmes

| Programme | Provider |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Dyslexia Support | Nessy |
| NELI | Nuffield Foundation |
| Online Maths Tutoring | Third Space Learning |